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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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**Sound system equipment – Electroacoustical transducers – Measurement of  
large signal parameters**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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**SOUND SYSTEM EQUIPMENT –  
ELECTROACOUSTICAL TRANSDUCERS –  
MEASUREMENT OF LARGE SIGNAL PARAMETERS**

## FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62458 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 62458 published in 2006. It constitutes a technical revision. The main changes are listed below:

- descriptions of the methods of measurement are adjusted to the state of the technology;
- addition of Clauses 4 to 15;
- integration of Annex A in the main body of the standard;
- overall textual review.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
100/1624/FDIS	100/1647/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

**IMPORTANT – The “colour inside” logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this publication using a colour printer.**

## INTRODUCTION

Electro-mechanical-acoustical transducers such as loudspeaker drive units, loudspeaker systems, headphones, micro-speakers, shakers, and other actuators behave in a nonlinear manner at higher amplitudes. This limits the acoustical output and generates nonlinear signal distortion. Linear models fail in describing the large signal behaviour of such transducers and extended models have been developed which consider dominant nonlinearities in the motor and suspension. The free parameters of the large signal model have to be measured on the particular transducer by using static or dynamic methods. The large signal parameters show the physical cause of the signal distortion directly and are very important for the objective assessment of sound quality and failure diagnostics in development and manufacturing. Furthermore, the model and parameters identified for a particular transducer are the basis for predicting the maximum output and signal distortion for any input signal. The close relationship between causes and symptoms simplifies the interpretation of the harmonic and intermodulation distortion measured according to IEC 60268-5. Large signal parameters are valuable input data for the synthesis of loudspeaker systems and the development of electrical control systems dedicated to loudspeakers.

# **SOUND SYSTEM EQUIPMENT – ELECTROACOUSTICAL TRANSDUCERS – MEASUREMENT OF LARGE SIGNAL PARAMETERS**

## **1 Scope**

This International Standard applies to transducers such as loudspeaker drive units, loudspeaker systems, headphones, micro-speakers, shakers and other actuators using either an electro-dynamical or electro-magnetic motor coupled with a mechanical suspension. The large signal behaviour of the transducer is modelled by a lumped parameter model considering dominant nonlinearities such as force factor, stiffness and inductance as shown in Figure 1. The standard defines the basic terms and parameters of the model, the methods of measurements and the way the results should be reported.

## **2 Normative references**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60268-1, *Sound system equipment – Part 1: General*

IEC 60268-5:2003, *Sound system equipment – Part 5: Loudspeakers*  
Amendment 1 (2007)